

rs' Picnic Yesterday
on at Fairlawn.

is a complete summary
the athletic events at
Fairlawn park yes-
terday, of which was given in
day:

race. Limited to boys
of age. First prize, pair
gold, silk handkerchief;

Fahy first, Arthur
Wuloo, Illinois third.
race. Limited to girls
of age. First prize, al-
ittle perfume, third bot-

Logan first, Amelia
Minnie Bowman third.
n's foot race. Free for
rks. First prize, gold
nd, silver mounted un-
cigarette.

Sweet first, E. J. Ehr-
hart, Rock Island third.
ll throwing match. Free
rce, pair opera glasses,
tern, third, bottle per-

Tompkins first, Josie
Annie Shaefer third.
ed foot race, free for all
ay Morgan and Charles
e, silk umbrella; Tom
n Fahy, second prize,
ll Biavati and Harry
e, cigar pipe. Other
L. J. Ehrhart, E. K.
Caw and John Nichols,
miners race—Winners,
first prize, silk umbrella,
rt, second prize, hot
Waddell, third prize;

Debisch, J. B. Fritz,
John Schoenbauer also ran.
time 5 4-5 seconds.
ce for groceries—Winner,
pounds, first prize, vase
Bachman, 210 pounds,
x cigarette, G. W. Young,
d prize, dress shirt.

mers, Alvert Bachman,
e cake basket; George
prize, umbrella; E. K.
prize, purse. Other con-
Ehrhart, John Col-

l bicycle race—Winners,
prize, banquet lamp;
l, second prize, bicycle
ll, third prize, bicycle
antgomery, Joe Stout,
Cecil McCullion and
also ran. Time 1:05 1-5.
l bicycle race—Win-
dell, first prize, pair bi-
cycle. Nichols, second
prize, Edna Kramer third
prize. Stolka Russell also
1-5.

one mile bicycle race
Kucker, first prize,
arl Walmsley, second
e shoes; John Arthur,
y's statue.

two best out of three—
George Waddell, Bruce
k Plumer—; north

Pat Collins, E. Kipp,
S. H. Dettinger, J. D.
Lohr, J. B. Fritz—; E.

AT NIGHT
the pavilion in the park
in a delightful event.
500 persons in attend-
impossible to furnish no-
for all who wanted to
ocean band furnished
who were present passed
evening.

TORY STAFF
No. 65, I. O. O. F.

to Mattoon.

state of Deatur Lodge
F., has received an in-
the grand master of the
the dedicatory services
of the Odd Fellows'
two at Mattoon on Oc-

contains 50 large rooms
located on the same prin-
ar Old Folks' homes of
e supported by the
the state.

ry staff has also been
y will be called upon to
ditory services at the
Old Folks' home at
soon. The officers of

—Thomas C. Kitchin.
D. L. Baldwin.
C. M. B. Roberts.
James Gregor.
of the North—W. A.

of the East—Jacob
of the South—H. J.
of the West—L. W. F.

L. H. Martin.
Willis Martin.

to food pure,
delicious and delicious.

DYAL
SOA
AKING
POWDER
Quality Pure

The Daily Republican.

TWENTY-SEVENTH YEAR

DECATUR, ILLINOIS, FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 2, 1898.

NUMBER 188

TANNER'S ACT HEAD CUT OFF REPUBLICANS

He Calls Home the Third Illinois for Duty—S. of V. to Muster.

SPRINGFIELD, Sept. 2.—Governor Tanner this morning recalled the leave of absence of the Third Illinois Volunteers. They are a part of the state militia and as volunteers in the army are away from the state on leave of absence. A contingent of the Sons of Veterans of Illinois will be temporarily transferred into the National Guard in anticipation of labor troubles at Mound and Pana.

ALL QUIET TO-DAY.

PANA, ILL., Sept. 2.—There is comparative quiet among the strikers and coal miners. Late advices from Springfield are that the Governor will not send troops here. The miners are elated over the Governor's actions. They say no military is needed.

MAY DITCH THE TRAIN.

State President Hunt, of the Union Mine Workers of Illinois, returned today from the south where he had gone for the purpose of preventing any more negro miners coming north to work during the present strike. He was unsuccessful. Another train load of colored miners are expected to reach Pana this afternoon. Union miners make dire threats against them, even going so far as to say they will ditch the train.

DAY OF EXCITEMENT

Capture of the Overholt—Preacher Millard Assaulted.

PANA, ILL., Sept. 2.—Thursday was a day of excitement among the people. The strikers gave a threatening turn to affairs when David Overholt and Louis Overholt, president and secretary of the Springdale Coal Mining company, were seized by out-of-town union miners in front of the Pana hotel.

Sheriff Ira Coburn ran to their assistance. Twenty revolvers were shoved under his nose and he retreated to the hotel.

Hundreds of miners streamed from the union headquarters three blocks away and hurried the captives away toward the Springdale shaft.

Dr. Arthur Millard, a superannuated Baptist minister, 72 years of age, tried to rescue the coal operators. He was knocked down with a revolver and trampled by two or three excited men. His nose and cheekbone were broken, and serious internal injuries were sustained.

The miners, about 800 strong, hurried on toward the shaft, but stopped about half way near the Hayward mansion. The higher officials of the union who were at the St. Charles hotel, overtook the miners and successfully checked their advance.

Whistles Sound the Alarm

A committee of citizens and miners was selected to confer with the sheriff's forces, which were hurriedly collected. The whistles of the Penwell Coal company giving the signal. Sheriff Coburn was turned back by the miners and forced to go through town to reach the colliery.

The captive operators, who had offered no resistance after they were overpowered, were perfectly cool. They were kept some time in the broiling sun, subject to insults from some rough characters, not miners, until William Wright, the Carterville district president, had their tormentors hustled away.

After a brief talk with Wright, National Vice President John Mitchell of the Danville district, President William Topham and others, the operators were persuaded to write a note requesting Sheriff Coburn to send a committee of three negroes to confer with the miners.

Thomas D. Kelligat, member of the state labor bureau, several citizens, and John Boyle and Peter Davis, miners, agreed to carry the note. They were met at the "Archa," a bridge ravine, separating the colliery from the high

Mangled Body of a Man Found at Warrensburg.

Fell Under the Wheels of a Train—Name Supposed to be H. Dickerson, Chicago—Inquest by Deputy Bendure.

The dead body of a man, mangled in a most ghastly manner, was found early this morning on the P. D. & E. right of way near the depot at Warrensburg. The man's head and arms had been cut off and lay between the rails while the body was at one side of the track. The man is supposed to be a tramp named H. Dickerson.

PROBABLY H. DICKERSON.

In the man's pockets were two cigars, a lead pencil, 10 cents and a letter, the latter being the only means of identification. The letter was from G. Norstrom and Co. railroad labor agency, at 87 South Canal street, Chicago and was addressed to Alec Wachter. The letter reads as follows:

"We send, as per order, H. Dickerson to do general farm work at \$15 per month. Hoping he will prove satisfactory we are yours truly, G. Norstrom and Co."

As the letter was in the man's pocket it is likely that he was H. Dickerson and that he was going to take a job which the employment agency had found for him. The station agent said that the man looked to be 28 or 30 years old. In just what manner he met his death is of course a mystery. The men running the train which killed him evidently did not know that anyone had been run over, but the engineer on train 18 saw the body before he reached it.

SEEN LAST NIGHT.

The station agent had seen the man last night. He had been at the depot and when a train came through he was seen near the cars and then return to the depot. The agent asked the tramp why he had not gone out on the train and the man replied that the conductor was near the head end and he could not get on the train. He also said that he didn't care whether he got out of town that night or not. It is supposed that he was killed by a train which passed through the place at 10:50 p. m., but the body was not found until this morning.

CORONER CALLED.

Notice of the death was sent to Deatur and Deputy Coroner Roy Bendure was notified. He had 15 minutes to catch the train but managed to get to the depot on time and went to Warrensburg. Deputy Bendure sent for an

Kelligat pleaded vainly with Coburn.

"I've taken a bath of water and washed my hands of responsibility," he said as with tears in his eyes he turned away.

Just then a messenger arrived with a telegram from Governor Tanner, which was said to have directed the sheriff to have his deputies protect citizens and leave the negroes to take care of themselves. Later, however, the miners were persuaded that the telegram promised to send troops to Pana.

A messenger arrived with a message from D. J. Overholt calling on the sheriff not to withhold his fire on his or his brother's account.

The committee delivered Coburn's message to John Mitchell, who returned and said the men were not in his keeping and consequently could not be surrendered by him. Mitchell, Topham, Boyle and other leaders pleaded with the miners for the liberty of the operators, saying the mine would probably be closed by the courts.

Women Spur the Men On.

Hot heads interrupted with "March

them to Springfield" and the shrill voices of the miners' wives were heard demanding that the negroes be forced out.

D. J. Overholt was called on for a speech. He barely looked up from his newspaper and coolly said: "I've nothing to say, boys."

The miners separated into local unions, and it was finally agreed to let the operators go, after marching them to Schuyler's bank. Here Schuyler, the Overholt, John Mitchell, William Wright and William Topham discussed the case without reaching any agreement.

D. J. Overholt disclosed his willingness to meet a committee but an agreement is believed to be impossible. The Overholt went home unharmed.

The miners are beginning to leave town. David Ross, labor bureau secretary and D. Ryan, state secretary of the union, arrived last night.

In the State Will Open the Campaign on September 22.

CHICAGO, Sept. 2.—Fears of defeat at the polls next November were not in evidence among the Republican politicians who attended the state committee meeting yesterday at the Great Northern Hotel. On the contrary, every one present made a favorable report of the situation in his district, and it was settled that the speech-making part of the campaign should be started with grand rallies all over the state on Sept. 22.

Among the visitors were W. A. Rodenberg, nominee for Congress in the East St. Louis district, and Dr. H. J. Hamlin, Shelbyville, who was chairman of the state convention.

Chairman Runnels sent a letter last night to the chairman of every county, senatorial and congressional committee asking him to advise at once when and where he wanted to have the first big demonstration, Sept. 22 being designated as the opening day.

At the afternoon session Alice Asbury Abbott and Mrs. J. M. Barnart appeared on behalf of the Republican women to ask that the committee cut out such work as it may want them to perform. The matter was referred to the executive committee.

ENGLAND AND GERMANY

Alliance Against the Policy of Russia and China.

LONDON, Sept. 2.—A report is current that the alliance between Great Britain and Germany, on the lines of the speech of Chamberlain was actually completed yesterday. This probably is an explanation of the gossip relative to the daily visits of the German ambassador to the foreign office during the past fortnight which has been attributed to a desire on the part of Germany and Great Britain to formulate a common policy in regard to Russia and China.

DAY'S NEWS BOILED DOWN.

Captain Clark, of the Oregon, will attend a banquet in his honor at Grand Rapids October 1.

Democrats in Wisconsin declined to fuse with the Populists and separate state tickets were nominated.

Yesterday it was 100 in the shade at Huron, S. D., and 64 degrees—just right—at Duluth, Minn. There were two deaths in Chicago yesterday due to the heat.

The Chicago Tribune publishes a full roster of all who died of disease in the Spanish-American war. The number is 1,284. It is figured that typhoid fever killed 75 per cent.

Star Pointer tried to lower his record yesterday at Boston, Mass. It is 1:59 1/2, but it was not beaten. The mile was covered in 1:59 1/2.

HOBSON ILL AND GRITTY

He May Have Trouble with the Navy Department in His Work.

SANTIAGO DE CUBA, Sept. 2.—navy department asking for permission to immediately resume work. He says that the difficulty about the raising of the Colon is one of engineering. The vessel is lying on her beam ends, on a steep slope. She will have to be lifted bodily out of this position.

Hobson decided to continue his efforts to save the wrecked Spanish cruiser Cristobal Colon, in spite of the decision of the navy department to give the job up. Hobson received news of the navy department's decision in the matter this morning from Commodore Watson, who arrived at Santiago on the Scorpion from Guantanamo. Hobson immediately started for the scene of the wreck and meeting the wrecking tug Senor, which he had sent to the wreck yesterday pursuant to Commodore Watson's order, started it back again.

Hobson told Commodore Watson that he would take the responsibility for his action. He sent urgent dispatches to the navy department asking for permission to immediately resume work. It would be disgraceful to give up the attempt to save her now. The point at which the wrecked cruiser is lying is much exposed and work on her can only be carried on in good weather. It is this circumstance that has caused the abandonment of the plan of saving her by other experts.

SHIPS AT MANILA.

BERLIN, Sept. 3.—A semi-official note says: "Peace having been re-established between the United States and Spain, orders have been given for the German naval force at Manila to be reduced to one or two ships, which, pending the complete restoration of order in the Philippines, will suffice for the protection of German subjects and interests."

PAYING OFF THE DEBT.

WASHINGTON, September 2.—The monthly statement of the public debt shows that on August 31 the public debt, less cash in the treasury, was \$1,012,870,717, which is a decrease for the month of \$34,789,711.

ON TO SAN JUAN.

PONCE, PORTO RICO, Sept. 2.—Upon Gen. Miles' departure Gen. Brooke issued orders assuming command of the troops in the island. Bridges along the military road are being repaired, and Gen. Brooke will start northward on Saturday morning. The march to San Juan will probably consume four days.

WINNIE IS WORSE.

NARAGANSETT PIER, Sept. 2.—Winnie Davis experienced a change for the worse today. Her condition is now considered critical.

WILL PAY WAR TAX.

CHICAGO, Sept. 2.—The Adams, American and the United States Express companies have decided from this date to bear the expense of the war tax instead of requiring the public to stamp all consignments.



LOST BOY.

The police this afternoon were called to Ottoneheimer's clothing store to take charge of a stray boy about three years old, barefooted and unable to give his name or place of residence. The boy had a little bundle, containing a change of clothing and his play things. It appears that the child has been abandoned. He is no the Lapiner boy. He can be seen at police headquarters.

LATER—The little boy managed to give the police to understand that his name is Guy Bane, or Bane.

PRESIDENT IN NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, Sept. 2.—President and Mrs. McKinley were met by Vice President and Mrs. Hobart, who will remain with them during their stay in the city. The party was driven to the Manhattan Hotel.

JAPAN'S VIEW.

YOKOHAMA, Sept. 2.—Little importance is attached here to the czar's peace note, as it is believed it was dictated by financial distress.

MORMON PREACHER DEAD.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 2.—President Wilfrid Woodruff, of the Mormon church, died here this morning, aged 91.

INSURGENTS TROUBLESOME

MANILA, Sept. 2.—Several shiploads of insurgent troops invaded the Southern Islands with a view of seizing everything possible prior to the settlement of peace conditions. The Spanish commander with gunboats is acting energetically, but the insurgents captured the outlying islands of Rounblon and Palawan.

Delegates from the Hong Kong insurgent junta are to have an interview with U. S. Consul Williams tonight. It is thought it may result in the settlement of the insurgent question.

EMPEROR IS A WRECK.

The Royal Mistress of Austria Is a Badly Broken Down Woman.

Even the Servants Who Meet Her Majesty Are Ordered to Look Away from Her—Her Queer Mode of Living.

After more than six months' absence Empress Elizabeth of Austria has returned to Vienna and taken up her residence in her lovely villa of Lutzen, built in the old deer park to let her indulge in her whimsical love for solitude.

I do not think that will be long before the world will hear something of her, writes a correspondent, for she has come back an aged and broken woman. Though she is 61 years old her hair, to which she has always devoted the greatest care, kept until now its fine chestnut color. Now it is gray, her nose is long and sharp and her complexion is sallow always and sometimes yellowish.

The empress is enthusiastic when flowers and plants are concerned, but not always quite reasonable. She wants her Vienna gardens to be as luxuriantly grown as those of the Riviera. Her apartments display an unequalled wealth of flowers from the imperial hothouses. Her bedroom and toilet rooms, bathing-room and doublet have hundreds and hundreds of pots, vases and glasses that she buys indiscriminately in her travels, and all are filled with fresh flowers every day. In her bedroom, just opposite her bed, where she can see it whenever she wakes, is a most uncouth statue of Nobe, veiled and weeping, made of bronze covered with green patina. This statue is encased in rare plants and shrubs, behind which green incandescent lamps give a fair light.

The servants who meet her just in the house, the garden or the park are ordered to look away and let her pass unnoticed. She must not be bowed or entreated to. As to seeing her, that would be difficult, since she always holds up an old fan that has served her for years when anyone approaches. She is followed in her walks by her Greek master, who walks close enough to her heels to be able to read to her. For this reason, and because the strain of holding up a fan is too great for her, she wears skirts that do not touch the ground. She does not wear a corset, but over a delicate cambric jacket a skirt with braces, and over this a black silk-lined jacket, always the same in shape, but of an endless variety in thickness and warmth. Her hair is plaited, and the plait is round her head in the way Tyrolean maidens do their hair.

Though so delicate, the empress goes unaccompanied into the deer park of Lutzen, which abounds with deer, moose and wild boar. She carries a rattle, and when an animal approaches she rattles to frighten it away.

Her health most likely broke down on account of the unseasonable diet she keeps. She will not allow her weight to change, her waist must be 20 centimeters always, even without a corset. She therefore avoids all solid food and lives almost sole upon milk. The orange diet she prepared for herself years ago, when for three months she ate nothing but red oranges, nearly killed her. She has an easy, fine taste for milk, and can always tell what cow the milk she drinks comes

from, and any change in the diet of a cow makes her object to the milk. She has an armchair by the side of her bed which is really a weighing machine, and here she registers her weight every morning and every night. Just now she has her daughter Marie Valerie with her at Lutzen, but only two of her grandchildren, the small ones, were left behind, as their presence would be too much for the nerves of the imperial grandmother.—Chicago Inter Ocean.

PETER ROBY'S LOSS.

A Sneak Thief Gets Away With Forty Dollars in Cash.

Pete Roby, the night transfer clerk for the American Express company at the Union depot, suffered the loss, at an early hour this morning of \$10. Mr. Roby had just drawn his wages and had put this portion in the company safe for the night. Early this morning he took it out and put it in a pocket of his pantaloons which were hanging near a barred window. While he was out of the office with his overalls on attending one of the morning trains. Some sneak thief entered the office or pulled his pants through the bars. No one to the last but was ever secured, and Pete is out the cash and his trousers.

JIM CORBETT GOING EAST

CHICAGO, Sept. 2.—Jim Corbett, the pugilist, passed through the city today on his way east. He said he had not made up his mind whether he would fight McCoy on October 1 or not.

The Junior Epworth League of the Wesley church gave an enjoyable social on the lawn at the home of Mr. and Mrs. B. V. Mallory on Thursday evening.

Buy your school books at Saxon's Book Store.

The Sure La Grippe Cure

There is no use suffering from this dreadful malady, if you will only get the right remedy. You are having pain all through your body, your liver is out of order, have no appetite, no life or ambition, have a bad cold, in fact are completely used up. Electric Bitters is the only remedy that will give you prompt and sure relief. They act directly on your Liver, Stomach and Kidneys, toning up the whole system and make you feel like a new being. They are guaranteed to cure or price refunded. For sale at J. E. King's and C. W. Shilling's drug stores.

Buy your school books at Saxon's Book Store.

Guns are like men. The one that makes the most sound always kicks the hardest.

Buy your school books at Saxon's Book Store.

When you call for DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve the great piles cure, don't accept anything else. Don't be talked into accepting a substitute, for piles, a Guaranteed Preparation. H. W. Bell, N. L. Krone, W. F. Hubbard.

SALT WATER FISH

Will be in the Local Market To-Morrow.

CLAMS, LOBSTERS, OYSTERS

Just Shipped In Can be Bought
Spring Chickens Abundant—
Fruits and Vegetables
are on Sale.

About the only new thing which will be on sale in the local market tomorrow in the way of something for Sunday dinner will be a variety of salt water fish. It is a little warm for oysters, but there will be some nice ones on sale. The standard oysters will sell for 35 cents per can, scallops for 40 cents and extra scallops for 50 cents per can. Another salt water shell fish which can be procured here are clams. There will be some in the market selling at 20 cents per dozen on the shell. Fresh lobsters are also in market and they are from 25 cents to 40 cents each according to the size. There is also quite a variety of fresh water fish, most of which can be bought for about 15 cents per pound.

Spring chickens are quite abundant and sell all the way from 25 cents each up. There will also be some nice young ducks will sell at reasonable price. Eggs are scarce and may be sold for as high as 16 cents per dozen.

There is no end of the water melons now in the market. They come in by the hundred and they are so cheap that almost anyone can afford to have one for Sunday dinner. Some sell as low as 10 cents each and larger ones for a little more. The dealers charge a little more for melons just off the lot.

Home grown peaches are as plentiful as they ever get. The peach trees have been loaded and now is the time for the frugal housewife to make peach butter and preserves. They come in all kinds of sizes according to the quality. Some fine fancy peaches for table use are offered at 25 cents a small basket but they are well worth the price. Fine Michigan plums can be bought for 15 cents per basket. The cantaloupes offered are of a very nice quality and sell for 20 and 25 cents per crate. The home grown grapes of the common variety are now ripe and the vines are loaded with them. They can be purchased at 4 cents per pound.

Vegetables are a little scarce as far as variety is concerned. Green corn sells for 10 cents per dozen ears. Tomatoes can be bought very cheaply and potatoes sell for about 40 cents per bushel. Sweet potatoes are a little cheaper than they were. There will probably be some cauliflower at about 10 cents per head. Cabbage sells for 6 cents per head and celery at about three stalks for 10 cents. There are some other vegetables but the variety is not as great as it was early in the season.

THE VETERANS

Of Mexican War Met Today at Fairlawn.

ONLY FIFTEEN ARE LEFT

In Macon County—Nearly All Were Present at the Picnic—Dinner was Served at Noon by the Ladies.

The veterans of the Mexican war living in Macon county held their annual reunion at Fairlawn park. They met this forenoon at 10:30 o'clock and at noon a picnic dinner was served by the ladies.

Yesterday Mayor Taylor received notice that the railroad engineers were ready to meet with him and his engineers and today the representatives of the city and company are conferring.

THE ROSTER.

The following were those who registered today, together with their company and regiment and present age:

Capt. John W. Hartley, Co. A, 6th Illinois, 71.

John Murphy, Co. I, 16th United States, 76.

David Blalock, Co. E, North Carolina regiment, 77.

Walter Kiloworthy, Co. F, 5th Illinois, 86.

John Frazier, Missouri regiment, 69.

W. R. Wheeler, Co. C, 8th Illinois, 73.

J. Workhouser, Pennsylvania regiment, 78.

John Chandler, Co. F, 8d Illinois, 78.

Charles Smith, Ohio cavalry, 71.

Thomas Ritchie, Co. F, 8th Illinois, 71.

James L. Pucke, honorary member, 82.

Alfred Giddon Co. A, 4th Illinois, 71.

The other veterans in this county are

Robert Warlick, Madison Bradshaw,

William Ishier and D. Craig.

"Squite" Punks, who is an honorary member of the veterans association, is the man who drilled all the soldiers who went from Macon county to the Mexican war.

Going Down Hill.

People suffering from Kidney Diseases

feel a gradual but steady loss of

strength and vitality. They should lose

no time in trying Foley's Kidney Cure,

A Guaranteed Preparation. H. W. Bell,

N. L. Krone, W. F. Hubbard.

Cloak and Suit Department.

Ladies' Tailor Made Street Suits.

An early delivery of choice new styles ready made
Dresses at very low prices—

Stylish Street Suits—Navy and Black Serge—new Jacket and Skirt full lined—in all sizes.....
Tailor Made Suits—Navy Black Ladies' Cloth and Storm Sarges—at.....
Ladies' Fine Broadcloth and Cheviot Serge Suits—Silk Lined Jackets—at \$8.95 and.....

\$5.00 suit
6.50 suit
\$10 suit

Ladies' Fine Silk Shirt Waists.

Pure India Silk Waists in Black.....
Ladies' Shirt Waists, made of fine All Silk Taffeta, perfect fitting, with silk collar, black only, at.....
Ladies' Silk Shirt Waists, made of the very best quality Taffeta Silk, in all the newest shades, full line of sizes, at.....
Very stylish new Silk Waists in Stripes and Plaids, all sizes, at.....

\$2.95 each
\$3.95 each
\$4.75 each
\$5.50 each

Tailor Made Jackets...

Ladies' Tailor Made Fall Jackets, in Tan Covert Cloth, All Wool, at.....
Ladies' Fall Jackets in Fine Broadcloth, Strap Seams, Silk Lined, at.....
Children's Fall Weight Reefer Jackets, sizes 4 to 12 years, nice All Wool Cloths, at.....

\$3.50 each
\$7.95 each
\$1.00 each

*Bradley Bros.
DRY GOODS & GENERAL STORE
Decatur Ill.*

RAILWAY NEWS

Brotherhood Legislative Board to Meet in Decatur.

Important Meeting of the Mayor and Road Officials

THE COMPANY ENGINEERS

Are Consulting This Afternoon with the City Engineer—Technical Points Will be Settled at Conference.

Mayor Taylor and the city engineer are meeting this afternoon with Superintendent Higgins of the Illinois Central and the company engineer for the purpose of deciding about the grading of the ground and streets in the vicinity of the new depot.

Brakeman Ed Dunnison of the Wabash has been promoted and is now in charge of the site of the new depot.

Fireman J. H. Overstreet was badly hurt yesterday at Tilton. He was sitting in the cab window of engine 12 while the hostler was knocking the engine into the round house. Overstreet was sitting far out of the cab window and was caught between the cab and a telegraph pole, crushing him so badly that several ribs were broken. He was immediately removed to the Springfield hospital where he will remain for several weeks.

M. M. Martin of the Wabash is in St. Charles, Mo., today.

Conductor Ed Dillon of the Wabash is on the sick list.

Engineer H. L. McVey is spending a week's lay off at Pittsburgh, Pa.

Engineer Tom Goodman of the P. D. & E. is laying off on account of sickness.

The annual meeting of the directors of the Wabash will be held at their general offices in St. Louis on September 18.

T. B. Brookridge, passenger agent for the P. D. & E., is in the city today.

Superintendent R. B. Stark of the P. D. & E., and family, returned to their home at Mattoon last night after a two weeks' stay at Mackinaw Falls.

Conductor William Joy of the Wabash is laying off, being troubled with malaria.

Superintendent W. A. Garrett of the Wabash has returned from Davenport.

W. O. Rice of the Wabash car shop is on the sick list.

Trainmaster H. Ballou has returned from Forrest.

Engineer William Remond and family, who have been at Nashville, Tenn., visiting, have returned. Mr. Remond resumed his run on the Wabash to-day.

The members of the Christian Endeavor society of the Congregational church will give a farewell reception to the members of the society who will leave shortly for school at the home of Mrs. Mary Glover of West Decatur street.

Going Down Hill.

People suffering from Kidney Diseases feel a gradual but steady loss of strength and vitality. They should lose no time in trying Foley's Kidney Cure, A Guaranteed Preparation. H. W. Bell, N. L. Krone, W. F. Hubbard.

A bulletin was posted this morning by the Illinois Central which evidences the intent of the Brown merit system which is of interest particularly to trainmen. It notes the following: A

brakeman was called, reported sick and had no arrangement for relief, he was suspended five days; a conductor accepted for transportation a detachment of miliege from a miliege book which had expired, he was suspended five days; a train failed to make stops at railroad crossings according to rules, the conductor and engineer were given 10 days each; a conductor on local freight two days carried shipments by their destination, but being accompanied by a way bill, he was suspended ten days; five brakemen were responsible for improperly handling switches, causing derailment in three cases and switches run through in two cases, one brakeman reprimanded, two suspended five days each, one suspended ten days and one suspended 20 days.

C

Daily Republican

R. K. HAMSHER, J. W. CALHOUN.
HAMSHER & CALHOUN, Prop's
DECATUR, ILLINOIS.

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mail, postage paid, one year.....\$5.00
Delivered by carrier to any part of city
Per week, 10 cents; Yearly, in advance.....\$5.00
Postal card requests, or orders through telephone No. 45, will secure early attention of carriers in any district.

Address THE EVENING REPUBLICAN, 120
South Water street, Decatur, Illinois.

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 2, 1898.



REPUBLICAN TICKET.

State Treasurer, FLOYD K. WHITEMORE, of Springfield
State Sup't of Instruction, ALFRED DAVIS, of Streator
University Trustee, F. T. HATCH, of McHenry County
A. F. NIGHTINGALE, of Chicago
ALICE ASHBY ABBOTT, of Chicago
For Congress, ISAAC R. MILLIS, of Macon County
State Senator, M. F. KANAN, of Macon County
Representatives, T. L. MCDANIEL, of Macon County
B. F. CORNELIA, of Christian County

COUNTY TICKET
Superintendent of Schools, JOHN C. KELLER
County Judge, WILLIAM L. HAMMER
Sheriff, HARRY K. MURKIN
County Clerk, JAMES M. DODD
Treasurer, JOSEPH MILLER

THAT ENDLESS CHAIN.

When the Democrats had control of the government under Cleveland and were legislating in favor of foreign goods at the expense of the American workingmen who by that legislation lost their jobs, while the government had to sell bonds to meet the expenses of government, Cleveland's excuse for the sale of bonds was that the greenbacks and the Sherman treasury notes were used as an endless chain to draw the gold reserve from the treasury and that the sale of bonds was for the purpose of keeping up the gold reserve.

The Republicans did not believe this truth because they had conducted the government for many years and were never troubled with the endless chain. They knew that the draft on the gold reserve was not due to the endless chain but was due entirely to the fact that under Democratic management the receipts were not equal to the expenditures.

The Republicans are in power now and have changed the revenue laws so that the result, not counting the receipts of the war revenue bill, was that expenses has been a surplus of \$9,000,000 in the past five months instead of a deficiency and nothing is heard of that endless chain and on the contrary the government has more gold than it wants. In the connection the following from the St. Louis Globe-Democrat is of interest to our people:

A St. Louis banker stepped into the United States subtreasury in the federal building the other day and said:

"I want to exchange \$60,000 in gold for currency."

"I am compelled to refuse your request," replied Col. George H. Small, the St. Louis assistant United States treasurer.

"What? Refuse to give me currency in exchange for gold?" exclaimed the banker.

"Yes, that's exactly what I mean," said Colonel Small, in his courteous way. And then he explained to the astonished banker that the United States government now had more gold in its treasury than it needed and therefore Uncle Sam was not voluntarily exchanging currency for gold those prosperous days.

A few days later another St. Louis banker entered Colonel Small's office and wanted to exchange \$200,000 in gold for currency in \$1000 notes. When this banker's request was refused he, too, was astonished, until Colonel Small explained that "Uncle Sam has more gold than he needs in his strong box."

"There is enough sound financial logic hidden behind these two incidents in Colonel Small's office to refute all the free silver arguments that have been made in the past, or that will be made from now on until the crack of doom," said a local Republican when discussing the matter. "These two incidents are also a fine illustration of the wisdom of the protective tariff policy of the Republican party."

In 1890 President Cleveland, it will be remembered, saw the gold drifting away from the treasury and leaving the country for European shores, and in order to maintain the old-time gold reserve of \$100,000,000 in the treasury he was compelled to issue \$50,000,000 of United States bonds and dispose of them to obtain gold. The Democratic low-tariff measure known as the Wilson bill was then in effect as law and its principal result was that the balance of trade was against the United States. At the same time the free silver heresy sprung up and through fear that the country would go to a silver basis and the currency become depreciated, foreign traders demanded still more gold.

"But the Republican party came into power and made the Dingley bill a law, and at the same time won a grand victory at the polls for sound money. The free silver heresy was given a crushing defeat and there is no longer any grave fear that the currency of the country will become depreciated. The country has remained solidly on a gold basis and this has now prevented gold from leaving the country. But see how Republican rule has reversed conditions under Democratic rule by creating a balance of trade in favor of Uncle Sam. Under a Republican tariff law the trade of the United States for the last fiscal year, even including the war period shows \$1,200,000,000 of exports and but half that value of imports. What a mighty balance in our favor. Enough to pay for whipping Spain three times over."

"So, with the free silver heresy crushed and an enormous balance of trade in favor of Uncle Sam, we see gold pouring back into this country and more, too, it is remaining here. This under Republican rule. The United States treasury today has more gold in it than is needed. Under Democratic rule the fiscal officers were howling for more gold, in order to maintain the reserves in the treasury. These are hard facts that speak eloquently for the Republican party."

The Democrats on account of foolish bidders will not escape putting themselves in the position of opposing the conduct of the war because the present administration is Republican. This will illustrate the difference between the two parties as Cleveland had no better supporters than the Republicans in the Venezuelan affair. The Republicans are for the country no matter who is president, but with the Democratic leaders the country counts for nothing when they think they see an opportunity to make campaign capital even though it be at the expense of the country.

German ship builders have received an order for reconstructing the Spanish navy. This will be a waste of time as the American navy will be able to destroy in a few hours without raising a moment any Spanish ships that the German shipbuilders can construct in 10 years. What Spain needs is men and until she gets men there is no use in getting ships.

The condition of the public treasury, the steady improvement in business, the refusal of the government to exchange paper money for gold and the departure of the endless chain all demonstrate that the people did a splendid day's work November 8, 1898, when they smashed Bryanism and damaged it.

The Democratic campaigners are about to engage in another calamity howl. This time it relates to the conduct of the war. There are a good many people still alive who lived during the '60's and they knew the Democratic campaigners is not infallible on the question of a war being a failure.

The Democratic party is simply organized to get office and that is the reason it sets upon any scheme to get votes and why it is now engaged in deploring the conduct of the present war a failure.

A Narrow Escape.

Thankful words written by Mrs. Ada E. Hart, of Groton, S. D. "Was taken with a bad cold which settled on my lungs; coughed so hard and finally terminated in consumption. Four doctors gave me up, saying I could live but a short time. I gave myself up to my Savior, determined if I could not stay with my friends on earth, I would meet my abode there above. My husband was advised to get Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds. I gave it a trial, took in all eight bottles. It has cured me, and thank God I am saved and now a well and healthy woman. Trial bottles 10c, at J. E. King's and C. F. Shilling's drug stores.

Chocolate is still used in the interior of South America for currency as are coca and coca.

More than twenty million free silver pieces of DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve have been distributed by the manufacturers. What better proof of their confidence in its merits do you want? It cures piles, burns, scalds, sores, in the shortest space of time. H. W. Bell, N. L. Krome.

Orange production of the Pacific coast this season has been the greatest in California's history.

Truth wears well. People have learned that DeWitt's Little Early Lister is reliable little pills for regulating the bowels, curing constipation and kick headache. They don't gripe. H. W. Bell, N. L. Krome.

Hohenstein in the grand duchy of Baden has selected a woman as its town clerk.

DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve has the largest sale of any salve in the world. This fact and its merit has led dishonest people to attempt to counterfeit it. Look out for the man who attempts to sell you when you call for DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve, the great pile cure. H. W. Bell, N. L. Krome.

The last two descendants of Christoper Columbus are said to be occupants of a poorhouse in Cadiz.

For broken surfaces, sores, insect bites, burns, skin diseases and especially piles there is one reliable remedy, DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. When you call for DeWitt's don't accept counterfeits or frauds. You will not be disappointed with DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. H. W. Bell, N. L. Krome.

In South Africa there is a great demand for donkeys as they are proof against elephant plague and illas.

A stubborn cough or tickling in the throat yields to One-Minute Cough Cure. Harmless in effect, touches the right spot, reliable and just what is wanted. It acts at once. H. W. Bell, N. L. Krome.

Small pox is the most infectious disease. Then comes measles.

Gums are like men. The one that makes the most sound always kicks the hardest.

MONKEYS HARD TO "TAKE."
Age Little Creatures Refuse to Look
the Camera Fairly in
the Face.

"One of the most difficult brutes to photograph is the monkey," said a man who makes a business of taking the pictures of all sorts of animals and birds, to a Washington Star reporter. "You may try as much as you like, but you will never succeed in making a monkey look straight into the center of a camera for even a second. Its glance always shifts off from one side or the other. Nor will it ever catch your eye full or fix its own upon yours, and I have come to the conclusion that a monkey cannot look at a human being more than it can a human being in the face."

"Take a dog's head in your two hands and look into its eyes. The beast will return your gaze, not for long, perhaps, for the contemplation of human intelligence dictates all animals. But it is not so with the monkey. I hold its head as patiently as you please between your hands, and it will cast its eyes up to the ceiling and keep on wrinkling, or cast them down at the floor, as if asleep, or twist them around in a most absurd fashion to look over to one side or the other, but never, even in passing by, will it catch yours."

"Why is this? I don't know, unless it is that the animal has some secret regarding our own origin that it does not wish us to find out. However, if they are beautiful, they are very inquisitive, and if I were to leave my camera unguarded for ten minutes in a cage containing a dozen monkeys half the family would be busy taking photographs of the other half."

GREASY NOSES AND LIVERS.

A Little Medicine Is All That Is Now
Needed to Remedy the
Trouble.

"A greasy nose is as sure a sign of a disordered liver," explained a physician to a Washington Star reporter, "as anything that I know outside of real sickness, and by studying this as a barometer much trouble can be averted. In these days when a full outfit of medical granules for liver troubles can be secured for ten cents at any drug store there is but little excuse for it, except in rare cases, when ten cents' worth of medicine won't do the work, and here a physician is necessary."

"I was much amused at reading in a New York paper recently an article written by one of these modern beauties of a preparation that was said to be a sure remedy for a greasy nose. It went on to tell how much rose leaves, how much vinegar, spirits of wine and a half dozen other things should be used in a preparation to wash the nose, and after telling all of these it wound up with advising that some liver medicine should be used in connection therewith. Now, I can assure you that the liver medicine would effect the cure without the rose leaves and the other stuff, and, indeed, in spite of it, I don't mean to say that one of those swollen, three times enlarged and very red proboscides can be reduced with a little liver medicine, but what is known as greasy nose will be removed by it."

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SENATOR HANNA ON CAMP LIFE

War Department Did a Great Work --Does Not Blame Anybody.

LEVI LAND, OHIO, Sept 2.—Senator Hanna, who has returned from a tour in the northwest, in an interview today said: "I do not care to be blamed for conditions upon my return." I will say however that the government of the volunteers appointed all of the volunteers. The places for the camps were selected because of their healthful climate conditions. The regiments have been camped by the rule of volunteers and there has been no sickness among them. I don't wonder that death rate has been high in some instances. Several times I visited Camp and looked carefully over the men. At the edge of the camp I

found banana stands and places where beer, pop and such stuff were sold to the troops. This kind of stuff never helped the volunteers. Look at the task which has been performed by the administration. At the outbreak of the war there were provisions for but 25,000 men. I am acquainted personally with the heads of the war department and I am positive they worked from 10 to 15 hours a day to equip an army of between 275,000 and 300,000 men. The whole affair seems marvelous to me and couldn't have been accomplished by any other nation in the world. The war department had a most stupendous task before it and it was equal to the emergency.

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TITLES FOR EDITORS.

Business and Countesses
Successfully Operate an Expensive Newspaper.

For the first time in history, in recent history at any rate, duchesses and countesses have run a newspaper, and some of the greatest people in the literary, artistic and musical worlds—and other worlds ad infinitum—have formed the staff, says the New York Mail and Express.

This wonderful little newspaper was called the Free Bazaar News, and was published daily at the London Press Bazaar, held for reimbursing the efforts of the London hospital. It was "free," however, only in name, for no daily newspaper could ever hope to touch the prices obtained for it—for its aristocratic proprietors sold it for 20 cents a copy.

The idea of the paper seemed to strike half a dozen women at once, so no one can claim to be its originator, but the cause of it was the donation to the bazaar committee, by the directors of a Linotype company, of one of their machines as an exhibit. It seemed a shame that \$4,000 of useful machinery should not be utilized, so the Duchess of Sutherland and some of her clique planned the little paper which proved such a success. It was really "the" attraction of the bazaar, for people went miles to see the belles of the most aristocratic society in England operate the machine, sort type, use the rollers, pull proofs and ink their fingers. Among the contributors were the most famous editors of London, famous statesmen of Joseph Chamberlain's stamp, actors, with Sir Henry Irving as chief, and other celebrities too numerous to mention.

MEN ARE NOT THE MOTIVE.

Women Do Not Always Do Their Prettiest Frocks to Win Masculine Smiles.

There is fallacy—confined, though, to the masculine half of society—and that is that women dress for men. Of course all women know better than that and laugh at it in their sleeves as the most ridiculous of ideas. Most of them would like, though, to let men go on thinking so, but I don't care.

So I'm going to tell, says a woman in the St. Louis Globe-Democrat, I think any creature who belongs to such a stupid sex ought not to be allowed—if there is any way of enlightening him—to go on thinking that any woman would throw away time and material to dress for him. Let me tell you, please, what I heard once. It was this: A woman of my acquaintance was clothed in a most beautiful dinner suit, which had cost hundreds of dollars. She wore it for the first time with an air of a queen—all, me, who couldn't have worn it so well—looked as if she had just stepped down out of the latest Parisian fashion sheet. A man looked at her—a man who had reached an age when he ought to have had discretion and who was still not in his dotage—looked at her and said: "That's your last winter's suit, is it not?"

I don't think I need to tell you more, but I will. Another human adult of the same sex told me once that my gown was very beautiful. It was a certain law that I myself had made.

So, of course, all women save up their best clothes for people who can appreciate them, and those people are not men.

CAST-OFF BABY CARRIAGES.

Some Odd Uses to Which the Discarded Perambulators Are Put.

When the baby grows up or the perambulator becomes too shabby, for further exhibition in public, it does not follow, by any means, that the latter's period of usefulness is ended. In fact, it has just graduated from one season of utility into another, as may be ascertained of the second-hand furniture dealers on the east side, says the New York Herald.

These merchants deal heavily in cast-off "baby buggies," as they term them, and from offering conveyance to infants the vehicles pass on to employments at once multifarious and curiously inappropriate. The Italian itinerant musicians purchase them to strum their small barrel organs about the city; the Greek flower sellers stock them with their fragrant wares and push them in every direction; washerwomen, too, are good customers and use the versatile perambulator as a means of conveying bundles of linen to and from their customers' homes.

But the list would not be complete unless the roving candy merchants were included. These vendors are covering long stretches of city territory every day, wheeling before them second-hand perambulators on which rest tiny showcases filled with confectionery. So, too, the "nice-nanans" men are, in instances, discarding the heavy prams for the light and easily moved baby carriage, which in time bids fair to supplant all vehicles of the hand power variety now in general service.

Queer Streets of Manila.

The streets of Manila are so modern as to be quite out of keeping with the general appearance of the town. They are perfectly straight, macadamized, and provided with ample granite walks. Of these the *Escolta* and the *Rosario* are the best. In both these excellent shops, kept principally by Chinese merchants, most of whom come from Akyao, Timed houses line each side of both thoroughfares.

Fires in London.

Of the 3,500 fires to which the London fire brigade was called last year, no fewer than 335 were caused by petroleum lamps.

BONFIELD, Ill.

"I am subject to cramps and colic, and have used many remedies, but find Foley's Colic Cure beats them," W. L. Yeats, H. W. Bell, N. L. Krone, W. H. Hubbard.

In Peru it was once the custom for domestic servants to have two of their upper front teeth extracted. Their absence indicated their servitude.

The muscle of an accordion is sweetened long drawn out.

The Medieval Smith.

The contemporaries of the medievalsmith were the artists who built the cathedrals, the masons, architects, sculptors and carpenters who put their religion into their work. His workmates were men of rectitude who reared these monuments of "chiseled music," which have been so often referred to as the pride and boast of the civilized world. We find the worthy smith was not one behind his contemporaries, for he also was an artist, and beautiful specimens of his handiwork remain to this day. He wrought the most graceful forges by means of the fewest possible number of tools—forgings which showed his love of the beautiful, and a painstaking desire to turn out work of great merit. The numerous exquisite examples of his handiwork which exist in our old cathedrals, church doors, altar railings, weathercocks on old buildings, signboards of quaint wayside inns, still serve as types for continual imitation.

—Good Words.

Hypnotized by the Wash.

The British steamer Howick Hall, on arrival at Columbia from home, had to report the loss of her third officer on the way under rather unusual circumstances. The officer, Mr. Francis Barnes, held the same office on a sailing ship before he joined the Howick Hall recently. This was his first voyage on a steamer, and he was frequently seen looking over the stern rail, and a few days before making Colombo, when the sea was very rough, he was seen by another officer peering over the stern. Later on he was missing. The vessel was turned round at once and boats were launched, but, though much time was spent in looking for him, no trace could be found. He must have been hypnotized by the "wash" of the screw.—Bombay Advocate of India.

The Professor's Wisdom.

The stern professor of the feminine preparatory school sat at his desk trying to unravel a knotty problem when a fluffy-haired miss of 16 approached.

"Please, sir," she began in a tremulous voice, "will you grant me permission to go out riding with my brother this afternoon?"

Now, the old man had not forgotten the days of his youth, neither was he a fool, and looking over his spectacles he slowly said:

"So you want to go riding with your brother, do you? By the way, is this brother of yours any relation to you?"—Chicago Evening News.

Appropriately Named.

It was on the Southern Pacific train a few days ago. A group of traveling men were talking at a shop—where they were going, what they were selling, and all the tricks of the trade.

"I am bound for Trinity, Tex.," said one of them.

"I never heard of the place," remarked another. "And, by the way, that is a very peculiar name. Why is it called Trinity?"

"Because there are only three good people in it," was the response.—N. O. Times-Democrat.

Did His Best.

"Why, Joseph," she cried to the returned soldier, "what a sight you are! You must have had a fairly hard time."

"I did," he replied briefly.

"And yet you told me to have no fear, as your colonel was thoughtful and considerate and would take the best care of his men."

"Yes; but unfortunately my colonel didn't have anything to do with the commissary department."—Chicago Post.

A Chance for Fame.

Hannah—Have you an idea that could be worked up into a play whereby I might make a decided hit?

Playwrite—Get just the thing for you, my boy; a military play in which the Spanish spy you will win round after round of cheers and applause.

"Really? And what do I do?"

"You get killed in the first act,"—Chicago Evening News.

No Smoking.

It looks as though the birds would not have an opportunity to take part in the war, as was at first expected, remarked Squillig to McSwiggen.

"What do you mean?"

"The American eagle may not swoop down on the Canaries, after all,"—N. Y. Journal.

Different Styles of Lying.

"As a man makes his bed, you know," remarked the self-made man, "so let me make the bed for you."

"True," replied the aristocratic individual, "but the trouble with most people is that they do about it often than they do on it."—Chicago Evening News.

Plenty of Ability.

Anxious Mother—How is it that you have so much trouble with your housekeeping? You told me your wife could cook.

Adult Son—She can.

"Then what is the matter?"

"She won't,"—N. Y. Weekly.

That Might Do It.

Maud—I have slept with that piece of cake under my pillow three nights now, and it has not made me dream at all.

Ned—Why don't you try sleeping with it in your stomach?—N. Y. World.

Transmitting Sound Through Tubing.

An interesting series of experiments in transmitting sound through tubing is reported from Germany. The piping conveying compressed air into the workings of a coal mine was employed. The greatest length to which a sound could be conveyed in a straight pipe without branches was found to be 1,500 feet to 1,700 feet. For distances up to 2,600 feet the best kind of pipe was that with a diameter of about 20 inches; beyond that distance larger pipes were more effective. Distances up to 150 feet a diameter of eight inches is needed.

It Hits the Spot.

When suffering from a severe cold and your throat and lungs feel sore, take a dose of Foley's Honey and Tar, when the soreness will be at once relieved, and the healing of the parts affected will be experienced and you will say: "It feels so good. IT HITS THE SPOT." It is guaranteed, H. W. Bell, N. L. Krone, W. H. Hubbard.

Do Not Be Impaired On.

Always insist on getting Foley's Honey and Tar, as it is positively, absolutely and unequivocally the best cough medicine. Accept no substitutes. H. W. Bell, N. L. Krone, W. H. Hubbard.

Church processions are prohibited in Mexico. Even a priest cannot legally walk the streets in his churchly garments.

The Lake for Fish.

It is claimed that Lake Erie produces more fish to the square mile than any body of water in the world.

Artificial Limbs Used Anciently.

Artificial legs and arms were in use in Egypt as early as B. C. 700.

Church processions are prohibited in Mexico. Even a priest cannot legally walk the streets in his churchly garments.

The muscle of an accordion is sweetened long drawn out.

If a girl can't sing and will sing she should be muzzled.

A SCALY CENTENARIAN.

An Aged One-Eyed Carp in England Which Is Said to Have a Long Record.

Stories, more or less vouched for, of fish which have attained extreme old age are common. Who, for instance, has not read of the capture of fish bearing plates with inscriptions to notify that they had been previously captured and returned to the water centuries before? But to these stories the average piscator, rendered weary by experience of the class of anecdotes which anglers relate to each other, usually lends little credence, says the London Globe. It seems, however, that in the pond of Emmanuel college, Cambridge, there dwelt four carp, concerning one of which there is fairly strong circumstantial evidence to prove that it is nearly 150 years old. It has only one eye, and Rev. A. G. L. Bowring collects a one-eyed carp in the same pond in 1867 which, he was told at the time, was over 100 years old. Since then he has discovered in Sir John Hawkins' edition of "Walton's Compleat Angler," published in 1701, a footnote quoting an article of a daily paper published in August, 1782, to the effect that "in the bairn of Emmanuel college, Cambridge, a carp was then living that had been in the water 35 years, which, though it had lost one eye, knew and would constantly approach its keeper." There are, of course, large gaps between the dates 1782 (when the carp is said to have been placed in the water), 1782, and 1867 and 1903. But, seeing that in 1782 a one-eyed carp was then credited with 35 years of residence, that in 1867 a one-eyed carp said to be "over 100 years old" was still there, and that a one-eyed carp, believed to be of great age, is there still, the conclusion is natural that it has been the same one-eyed carp all the time.

THE TAMPA CARMEN.

Generally She Is Old, Bristly and Wrinkled—The "Brenda" to Cigarmakers.

If the original Carmen had been employed in a Tampa cigar factory she would not have been a cigarmaker, but a stripper of tobacco leaves, says the Boston Transcript. That is the work that women do in Tampa cigar factories; and the rest seems to be done by men. Carmen, as seen here, is seldom attractive. Generally she is old and bristly and wrinkled, and sometimes she has a back and unpleasant-looking cigar in her mouth. At times, however, she is picturesque in a high degree. It seems to be all one way or the other with her. Her work is of little consequence compared with that of the men in the great rooms upstairs who actually make the cigars. They are here by hundreds, chiefly in one great apartment.

The first thing that strikes the attention of a visitor unused to this feature of the cigarmaking business is the "reader." In a sort of rude pulpit or lectern, placed against the wall about midway of the room, sat a man who was reading in Spanish at the top of his voice. There is not much noise about the making of cigars, and little need of conversation between the men. They are, therefore, able to hear this reader, though to make them hear he has to declaim very loudly. It must be raucous to his voice. The man was reading something political from a newspaper when I was there. I am told that he often reads novels. The proprietor told me that the reading is a good thing for the work, the men working more diligently and productively with it than without it. They pay the reader out of their own wages.

IMPORTANT SALE

Of Valuable and Well Situated City Real Estate.

Administrator's Sale of the Real Estate of Edward W. Rinehart, Deceased.

By virtue of an order and decree of the County Court of Macon County, State of Illinois, in the cause of Edward W. Rinehart, deceased, for the sale of real estate, I shall be obliged to pay debts of the estate, I shall on Saturday, the 1st day of October, A. D. 1893, bid for the same at the court house in the city of Decatur, in the county of Macon, State of Illinois, at 10 o'clock A. M., the following day, and then at 12 o'clock P. M., the 2d day of October, and so on, until the debts are paid, and the estate is sold. The debts are to be paid in the following order: (1) to the county and state, taxes, (2) to the city of Decatur, subject to a tax of 10 per cent on the value of the property, (3) to the state of Illinois, subject to a tax of 10 per cent on the value of the property, (4) to the city of Decatur, subject to a tax of 10 per cent on the value of the property, (5) to the state of Illinois, subject to a tax of 10 per cent on the value of the property, (6) to the city of Decatur, subject to a tax of 10 per cent on the value of the property, (7) to the state of Illinois, subject to a tax of 10 per cent on the value of the property, (8) to the city of Decatur, subject to a tax of 10 per cent on the value of the property, (9) to the state of Illinois, subject to a tax of 10 per cent on the value of the property, (10) to the city of Decatur, subject to a tax of 10 per cent on the value of the property, (11) to the state of Illinois, subject to a tax of 10 per cent on the value of the property, (12) to the city of Decatur, subject to a tax of 10 per cent on the value of the property, (13) to the state of Illinois, subject to a tax of 10 per cent on the value of the property, (14) to the city of Decatur, subject to a tax of 10 per cent on the value of the property, (15) to the state of Illinois, subject to a tax of 10 per cent on the value of the property, (16) to the city of Decatur, subject to a tax of 10 per cent on the value of the property, (17) to the state of Illinois, subject to a tax of 10 per cent on the value of the property, (18) to the city of Decatur, subject to a tax of 10 per cent on the value of the property, (19) to the state of Illinois, subject to a tax of 10 per cent on the value of the property, (20) to the city of Decatur, subject to a tax of 10 per cent on the value of the property, (21) to the state of Illinois, subject to a tax of 10 per cent on the value of the property, (22) to the city of Decatur, subject to a tax of 10 per cent on the value of the property, (23) to the state of Illinois, subject to a tax of 10 per cent on the value of the property, (24) to the city of Decatur, subject to a tax of 10 per cent on the value of the property, (25) to the state of Illinois, subject to a tax of 10 per cent on the value of the property, (26) to the city of Decatur, subject to a tax of 10 per cent on the value of the property, (27) to the state of Illinois, subject to a tax of 10 per cent on the value of the property, (28) to the city of Decatur, subject to a tax of 10 per cent on the value of the property, (29) to the state of Illinois, subject to a tax of 10 per cent on the value of the property, (30) to the city of Decatur, subject to a tax of 10 per cent on the value of the property, (31) to the state of Illinois, subject to a tax of 10 per cent on the value of the property, (32) to the city of Decatur, subject to a tax of 10 per cent on the value of the property, (33) to the state of Illinois, subject to a tax of 10 per cent on the value of the property, (34) to the city of Decatur, subject to a tax of 10 per cent on the value of the property, (35) to the state of Illinois, subject to a tax of 10 per cent on the value of the property, (36) to the city of Decatur, subject to a tax of 10 per cent on the value of the property, (37) to the state of Illinois, subject to a tax of 10 per cent on the value of the property, (38) to the city of Decatur, subject to a tax of 10 per cent on the value of the property, (39) to the state of Illinois, subject to a tax of 10 per cent on the value of the property, (40) to the city of Decatur, subject to a tax of 10 per cent on the value of the property, (41) to the state of Illinois, subject to a tax of 10 per cent on the value of the property, (42) to the city of Decatur, subject to a tax of 10 per cent on the value of the property, (43) to the state of Illinois, subject to a tax of 10 per cent on the value of the property, (44) to the city of Decatur, subject to a tax of 10 per cent on the value of the property, (45) to the state of Illinois, subject to a tax of 10 per cent on the value of the property, (4

SPECIAL...

Having purchased a large lot of these Watches for SPOT CASH at Extremely Low Figures, I will place them on sale at Unheard of Prices—much less than the same article can be found for elsewhere in the city. Investigate this assertion and you will find it correct. See cut and read below.



The above represents an 18 size, open face, coin silver case, screw bezel, stem wind and stem set, with SOLID GOLD STEER inlaid in the back, fitted with a fine 17 jewel adjusted, patent regulator, Elgin, Waltham or Springfield movement, and fully guaranteed. Regular value, \$18.00—

Special Price, \$10.75.

FRANK CURTIS,

Successor to—

OTTO E. CURTIS & BRO.,
Jewelers and Dealers in Fine China.

Our House Has Been Established Over 20 Years at
156 EAST MAIN STREET, - - DECATUR, ILL.

A Pleasant Customer Is the Best Advertisement.

We make a specialty of that kind. Those who buy the Hanan Shoe of us are always pleased. We want a lot more people to find out about this great line of shoes. They are made for Ladies and Gentlemen and are without doubt

The Best on Earth.

COME AROUND AND GET PLEASED.

F. H. Cole Shoe Co.,

148 EAST MAIN STREET.

About 160 Pieces

—IN—

STAMPED LINENS.

Fresh, Up-to-Date and in prime order. We will close them out at just ONE-HALF the regular price.

Will also close the balance of our Brainard & Armstrong Embroidery Silks at One and One-Half Cents per Skein, all shades.

Come and get them quick.

S. G. HATCH & BRO., J. W. RACE,
Assigee.

151 EAST MAIN ST.

SCHOOL TABLETS

OF ALL KINDS.
5 and 10 Cents.

WEST'S DRUG STORE.

Lincoln Square ...

LOCAL NEWS.

David's 15c delivery. Cab, 25c.
Smoke the Little J., 5-cent cigar, made by Jacob Kook.

Smoke the Little Jokor—5 cent cigar
Go to Henry's bakery for all kinds of bread, oaks, pies, etc. June 22nd.

Economy copying pads, pad boxes and office supplies at

L. CHODAT'S NEWS HOUSE.

Do you want plastering done. If so telephone 538, new 'phone. Decatur Hard Plaster Co. Perry & Oron.—5-512

Next Tuesday the big show will be in the city.

Pictures and Frames at Melchers' Art Store south of the Postoffice.

Remember the Vandala Line has splendid day service in both directions to Olmsted. Tickets will be sold September 3 to 6 at rate of \$5.55 for round trip. See Millspaugh.—19-06

Go to Chicago via the Wabash September 3d and 4th, Saturday and Sunday for \$5 round trip.—30-56

You will save money every time if you do at the C. B. Prosser's music house. Call there and see the elegant pianos and musical merchandise generally.

Excursion to Peoria via the P. D. & E. Sunday September 4, will be a grand opportunity to spend a nice day. Among the attractions for the day will be steamboat excursions on the lake, concert at Prospect Heights and will give you a grand opportunity to see one of the finest parks in the state—Glen Oak.—27-06

Take the Wabash to Chicago Saturday and Sunday September 3d and 4th for \$5 round trip.—30-56

Do not fail to take in the Peoria excursion Sunday, September 4. Round trip only 75 cents.—27-06

The members of the board of directors of the Y. M. C. A. will hold a meeting this evening at the association rooms.

Go to Chicago Saturday and Sunday, September 3d and 4th via the Wabash for \$5 round trip.—30-56

Buy your school books at Saxton's Book Store.

At St. Louis yesterday a marriage license was issued to William F. Stivers of Blue Mound, Mason county, and Miss Daly Hughes of Venlo, Ill.

One Minute Cough Cure surprises people by its quick cures and children may take it in large quantities without the least danger. It has won for itself the best reputation of any preparation used to-day for colds, croup, tickling in the throat or asthmatic coughs. H. W. Bell, N. L. Kroce.

Of the 80 members of Miller & Freeman's funmakers employed in the interpretation of the successful musical farce "At Gay Coney Island," but one is not capable of singing and dancing and he is the musical director.

Bring in your old school books and trade them for the ones you need, at Saxton's Book Store.

It was "Dad" Freeman, one of the managers of Miller & Freeman's funmakers, who first introduced to the stage a nervous bullies. As the manager of Frank Daniels during the five years of his greatest success, Mr. Freeman recruited no less than 60 female acrobats from the circus and made them features of the popular farce comedy style of entertainment.

An opportunity to spend one of the pleasantest days of the season in one of the most beautiful picnic resorts of the country. An immense band of 250 pieces will discourse sweet music all day and you cannot afford to miss it. Bands from Peoria, Pekin, Decatur, Mt. Pulaski, Clinton and Mattoon will participate. Your ticket agent for rates and train service. Specially low rates have been made by the P. D. & E. Ry.—31-td

Grand Band Tournament.

Mackinaw Falls, the picnic resort on the P. D. & E. Ry., will open on Sunday, September 11, to the same of one of the grandest musical events ever offered to the public. On this occasion some of the best musicians in Central Illinois will participate in the grand concert. The grand band will be composed of over 250 musicians, members of Spencer's band of Peoria, Bauer's band, Mt. Pleasant band and the Clinton band, in addition to others of equal ability. Don't miss this opportunity to spend a day in the woods picnicking and have some of the finest music ever rendered. Call on P. D. & E. agent for particulars as to time of train and special low rates which have been quoted for the occasion.—31-126

Financial Success.

The grocers came out ahead on the picnics and dances they held at Fairlawn Park last Wednesday. After paying all the bills and expenses they have \$100 left in the treasury as a starter for a picnic next year.

Give the CHILDREN A DRINK

other things, it is a delicious, appetizing, nourishing food drink to take the place of coffee. Sold by all grocers and drug stores. Use it because when properly prepared it tastes like the finest coffee but is free from all injurious properties. (Giant-O aids digestion and assimilation, and is a health builder, but a health builder, and children, as well as adults can drink it with great benefit. Cost about as much as coffee. Price is 15 and 25

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

We are authorized to announce JAMES M. BROWN as a candidate for Sheriff, subject to the action of the Democratic county convention.

FINE PRODUCTION.

"Bohemian Girl" a Great Success—

Excellent Work of Musical Club.

The production of the "Bohemian Girl" at the Powers Grand last evening by the members of the Decatur Musical club fully met the expectations of all those who had anticipated to see in this performance the crowning effort of the work of the club. There was a good audience and appreciative interest and demonstration was literally shown.

The opera was more or less familiar to the audience and many favorable comments were heard in the comparison of the work of Mr. and Mrs. F. E. Dunn with that of some of the leading singers who have attempted it. Mrs. Dunn as "Arlene" showed her usual pleasing conception of the character in her acting and sang in splendid voice. Mr. Dunn as "Thaddeus, Count of Warsaw," more than fulfilled the high expectations of all, singing with great expression and fine handling of his magnificent voice.

W. E. Bellman as "Count Artharin," carried his part well and Miss Lydia Stephens as a gypsy queen was entirely at ease acting and singing well. Mr. Bellman has an especially fine stage presence. John Patin as "Devilshot" and W. E. Doctiger as "Florentine" contributed greatly to the success of the production. The performers were repeatedly encored.

The chorus did unusually good work and altogether the production was one of the finest pieces of amateur work ever seen in Decatur and was without any doubt the best performance yet given by the Decatur Musical club.

Much of the pleasure from the opera comes from the old familiar songs introduced. "I Dreamt I Dwelt in Marble Halls," "Home Bowed Down" and "You'll Remember Me" are old favorites which will never lose their charm.

J. H. Alexander was stage manager, the orchestra was led by Professor Roberts Walters, C. A. Kessler was the director and Mrs. W. E. Bellman the accompanist.

There was not a break in the entire program, everything passing off with ease and smooth.

NIGHT MAIL CLERK.

Has Gone on Duty in Decatur Post Office—Better Service.

The night service in the Decatur post office went into effect last night. The new night clerk is Herman Vandrie. He was for several years assistant to Matt Clark Brumle. In his former position he will be succeeded by M. B. Willard.

The day clerk will be on duty from 8 a. m. until 7 p. m., and the assistant will work from 7:00 until 8:30 p. m. The night clerk will be on duty from 9 p. m. until 6 a. m.

The duties of the night man will be to make up the mails deposited in the postoffice after night and the pouches brought in at night and formerly left until morning will be punched by the night man for the different stations.

The night clerk will make up pouches for Argenta, Cisco, Oreama, Delavan, Letham, Lincoln, Mt. Pulaski, Pekin, Warrington, Blue Mound, Boddy, Harvel, Morrisonville, Raymond, Palmer and Stonington.

By this system the day men in the postoffice and the railway mail clerks running out of the city on the early morning trains will be relieved of much work and prompter service between the towns above mentioned will be given.

Mails for St. Louis and Chicago deposited in the postoffice will be made up and will go out on one of the night trains. Previous to this time all mails closed at 10 o'clock but now Chicago mail can be deposited at the postoffice as late as 11:30 and St. Louis mails as late as 11:45 p. m. and be delivered the next morning.

Public Works.

The work on the Oakland avenue sewer is being carried on as rapidly as possible. Contractor Gebhard has finished the sewer for a distance of about 800 feet from the river.

The work of laying the pavement on North Monroe street is progressing slowly. When the pavement on Fletcher street was being laid the work on the other streets was stopped so that all the brick could be used on the one street but now the brick produced by the Decatur company is being divided between Monroe street and Church street and the work on both is necessarily slow.

An Inheritance.

Moscow Republican: H. F. Day and Mrs. J. H. Elsner each received a draft for \$2000 from the estate of their uncle, Henry Day, deceased, of Birmingham, England, and John G. Hudson, Thomas Hudson and sister each received drafts for \$883 1-3, that being the share that would have fallen to their mother were she living, she being a widow.

Deaths in August.

The total number of deaths for the month of August were 28. This is yet lower than the rate for July and considerably lower than the rate for the month of August of last year. The deaths were due to typhoid fever, 2 accidents, 9 tuberculosis, 3 cholera infantum and 4 senility. The contagious diseases reported to the board of health were 2 of typhoid, 4 of diphtheria and 3 of scarlet fever, making 9 in all. This was a considerable increase over the contagious diseases of the months of June and July, there being 4 in June and 3 in July. Six bodies were shipped in for interment. The annual death rate for 1900 is 13 which is comparatively low.

New Chairs.

The police headquarters have been supplied with a dozen new arm chairs. The chairs were greatly needed in the police office. The police are looking at the chairs and when they decide on a pattern each man will have a new one.

To-Night.

The ladies of the Methodist church will give a chicken fry this evening in the church yard at Mianto. All Decatur people and the public generally are invited.

W.H. Close Monday.

The public library will be closed Monday. The employees of the place will not take a holiday but will put in the day doing some work in arranging the books.

Born.

To Mr. and Mrs. John O. Cross of 506 West Marquette street, September 1, a son.

BIG BARBECUE

Held Last Night at Casner

U. B. Church.

BEEF, MUTTON AND PORK

Was Cooked Over a Big Fire—A

Splendid Dinner was Served—

Log Rolling Held by the

Woodmen Yesterday.

PUERTO RICO

Talked Of by Rev. Sheen Who Asks

Direct Questions of Americans.

Rev. C. W. Sheen, pastor of the African Baptist church at Pontiac, gave a lecture on "Porto Rico Under the Stars and Stripes" at the W. C. T. U. room last evening.

Rev. Sheen was for 19 years a resident of the island. He told of the welcome which was given the American army when it entered the city of Ponce; how the people decorated their houses in American colors and made every effort at a joyful welcoming demonstration.

In speaking of the physical nature of the island he said: "Porto Rico is one of the pearls of the Antilles. It is about 100 miles long and 40 miles broad. Through the middle extends a chain of mountains some of which will reach 3000 feet in height. Porto Rico is a Spanish name for rich port and it is what Columbus called the island when he discovered the new world. The fields of sugar, tobacco, coffee, rice, Indian corn and cotton present a beautiful sight. The island is well watered and wooded and no long time passes without rain. A heavy down falls during the night and a vessel will be filled with water if set out of doors ever night. The physical aspects of the country are of the most attractive nature with the broad pasture lands, broad sugar fields and large orange groves. Out of the population of 800,000 persons 350,000 are white but no color line is drawn. The Creole, the Castilian, the white and the negro meet on common terms and pay each other common courtesies without regard to complexion. The educated or Castilian negro or of any mixed blood met each other as men and no one is slighted because of his complexion. But they do have regard for character."

In conclusion Rev. Sheen said: "In the American public sentiments ready to meet the Porto Rican on common ground, as a man, as a brother! If you intend to meet him as such and if you are waiting to ameliorate his condition along human lines, be well welcome you on common ground. On the other hand if you try to subjugate him, because his color is not like yours, there will be trouble. You want to look upon the average Porto Rican as a man of refinement and judgment. He may be white and he may be black but it will be a hard matter for you to make him believe that you are better than he because your color is white."

NO 10 O'CLOCK LUNCH.

A Food That Sustains the Body After Common Food Is Exhausted.

With many people there comes a feeling of faintness and weariness for food before the noon hour is reached. This is generally because of the use of white bread and other non-nourishing articles of food need for breakfast. It is a cause of complaint among those who use the non-nourishing food, Grape-Nuts, that no feeling of hunger is felt until the noon hour. The facts show forth that the food is sustaining and nourishing and feeds the body hours after the power of ordinary food is exhausted.

A few days trial of Grape-Nuts tells the tale.

Found at grocery, and made by the Postum Co., at Battle Creek, Mich.

Salvation Army at W. C. T. U. Hall.

Adjutant Arthur Miles of St. Louis will conduct meetings at the W. C. T. U. hall Saturday night and Sunday morning, September 8 and 9. Adjutant Miles is a good speaker, also quite a musician. He has had a number of years' experience as an army officer working in several different states and territories. The meeting will commence promptly at 8:15 in the hall Saturday evening and at 11 on Sunday morning. All are invited to attend. Admission free. Don't forget the place, W. C. T. U. hall, upstairs next to postoffice.

Band Tournament.

Mackin